

Title: Simulating quantum correlations with and without communication

Date: Apr 06, 2005 04:00 PM

URL: <http://pirsa.org/05040045>

Abstract:



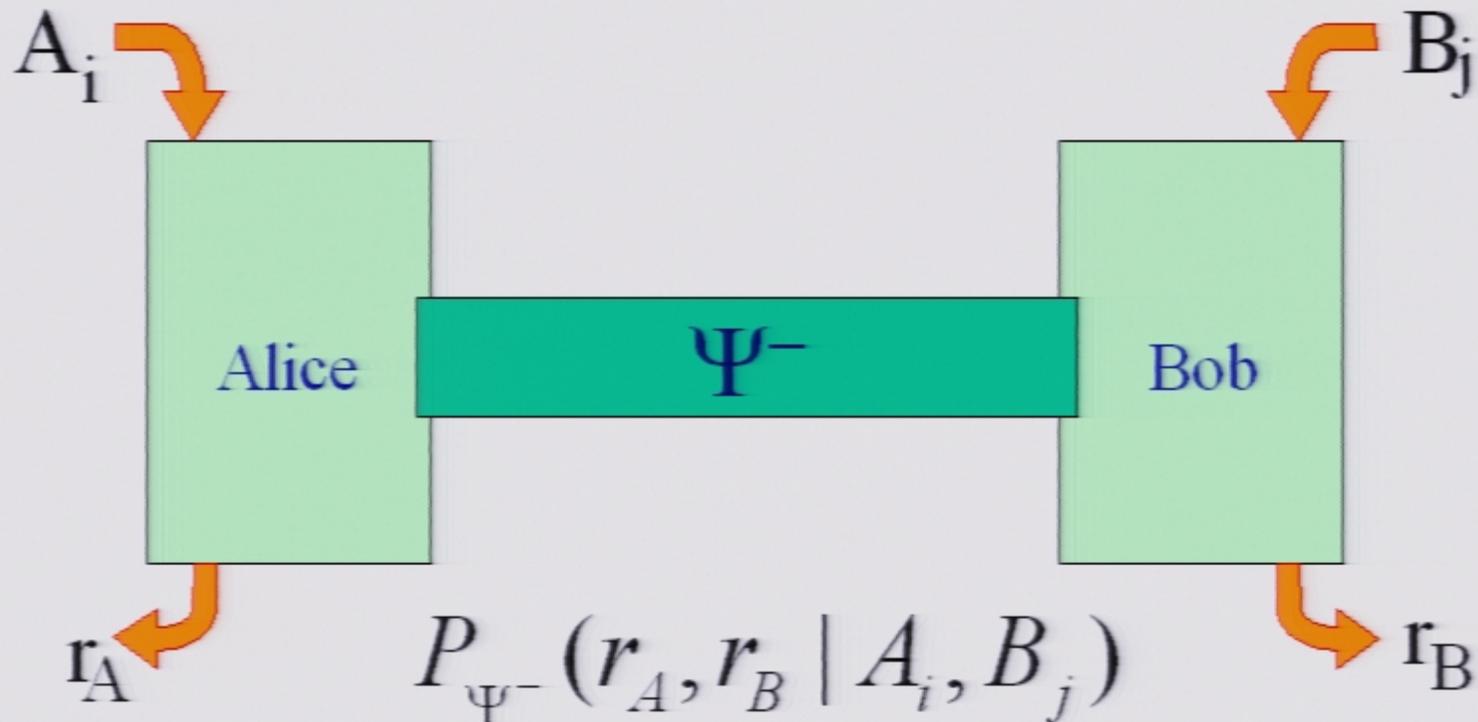
Simulating Quantum Correlations with and without Communication

Valerio Scarani

GAP-Optique, University of Geneva, Switzerland



The Ψ^- Channel



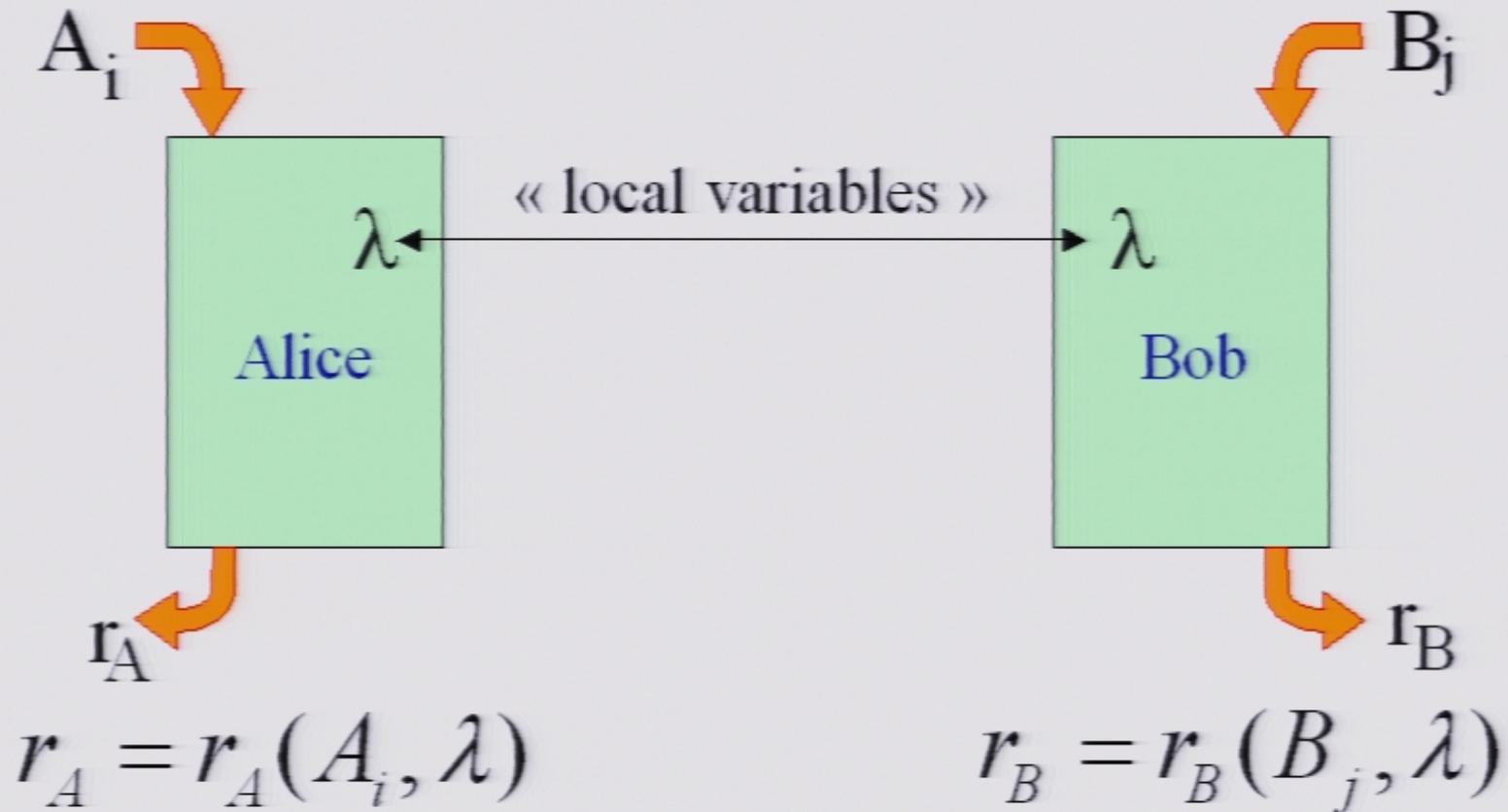
There exists in Nature a channel which allows to distribute some correlations at any distance, **without signaling**:

$$\sum_{r_B} P_{\Psi^-}(r_A, r_B | A_i, B_j) = P_{\Psi^-}(r_A | A_i, \cancel{B_j})$$

How can we possibly describe it?



Bell's Theorem



$$P_{\lambda}(r_A, r_B | A_i, B_j) \not\leftrightarrow P_{\Psi^-}(r_A, r_B | A_i, B_j)$$



Plan of the talk

Some resources must be added to LV in order to simulate entanglement

- ◆ Resource #1: Communication
 - ◆ Amount of Communication for the Singlet
 - ◆ Experimental Lower Bound on its Speed
 - ◆ Danger: Signaling
- ◆ Resource #2: Non-local machine
 - ◆ Definition and nice features
 - ◆ Simulation of non-max entg states of two qubits
- ◆ Conclusions

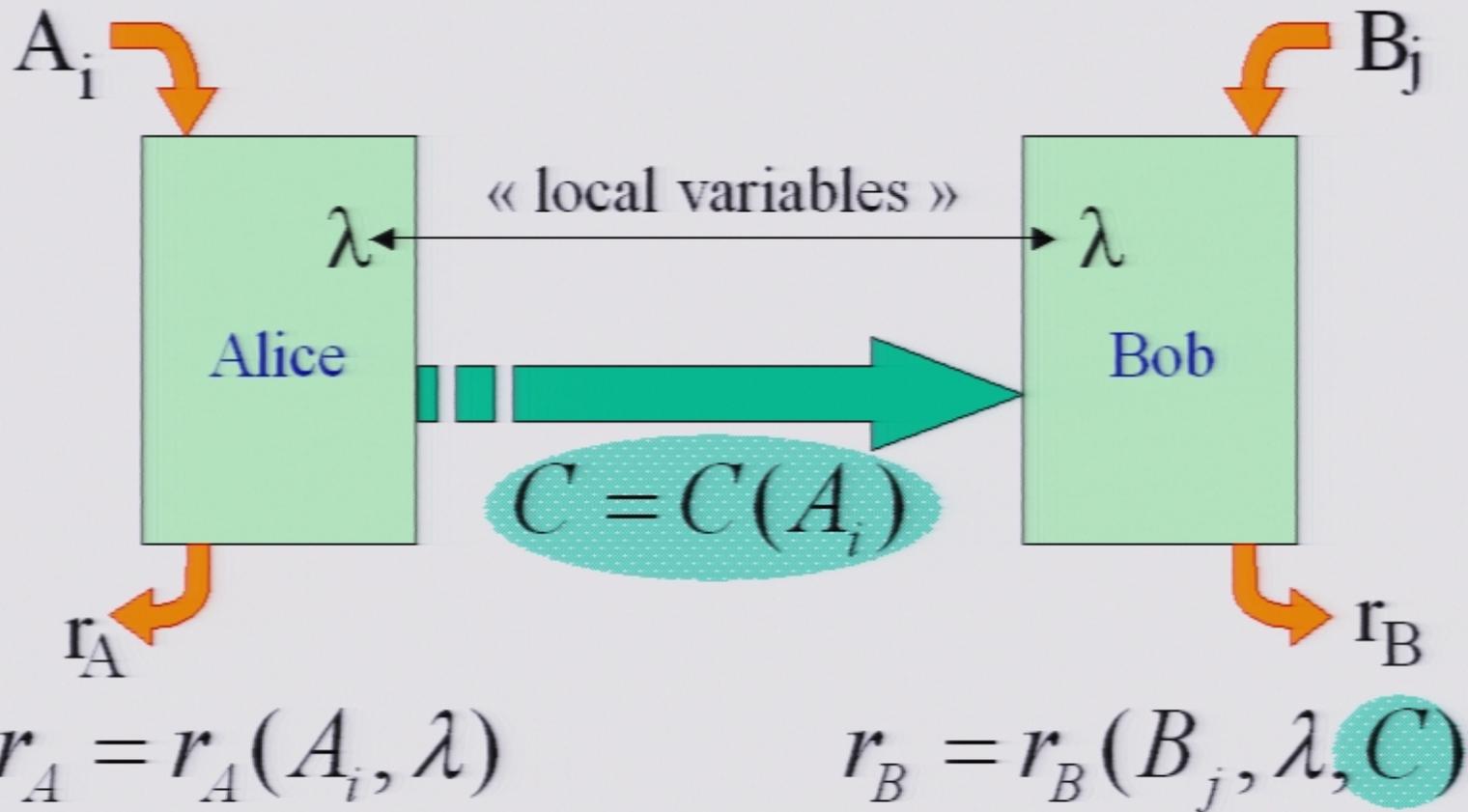


Resource #1

Communication



Adding a Resource: Communication



$$P_{\lambda+C}(r_A, r_B | A_i, B_j) \leftrightarrow P_{\Psi^-}(r_A, r_B | A_i, B_j)$$



Amount of communication



Amount of communication

- ◆ Results known only for two qubits
- ◆ Pioneering work: Tapp et al., PRL 1999
 - ◆ $C=8$ bits to simulate the singlet.



Amount of communication

- ◆ Results known only for two qubits
- ◆ Pioneering work: Tapp et al., PRL 1999
 - ◆ $C=8$ bits to simulate the singlet.
- ◆ Refinements: Gisin-Gisin 1999; Steiner 2000.
- ◆ Main reference: B. Toner, D. Bacon, PRL 2003
 - ◆ The singlet can be exactly simulated using $C=1$ bit of communication (explicit model);
 - ◆ For non-maximally entangled states: $C=2$ bits is enough, but « not necessarily optimal ».



The Problems of Communication



The Problems of Communication

- ◆ It must be faster than light (how much?)
- Answer: many orders of magnitude (see next)
- ◆ Communication means signaling: if Nature really uses it, why is it hidden for us?

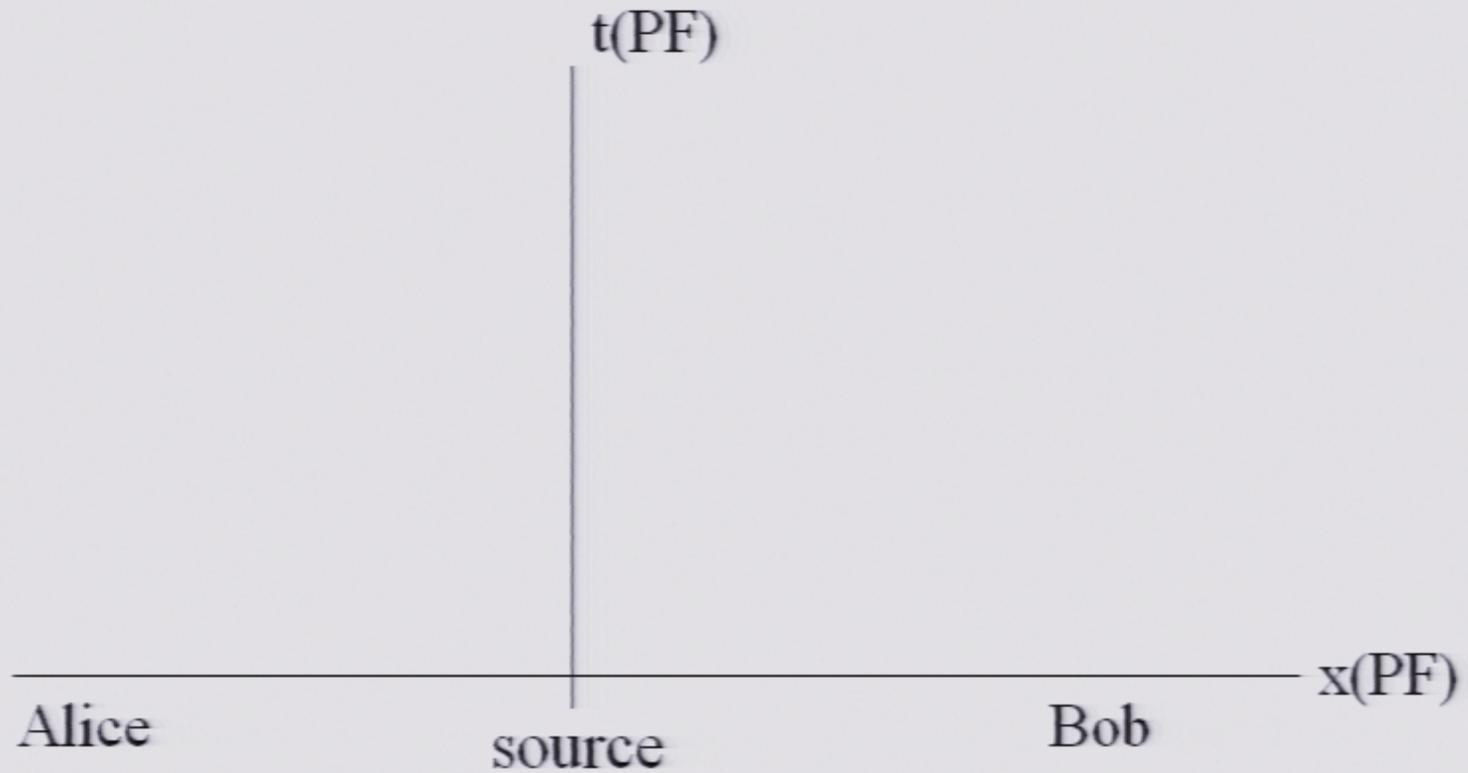


The Problems of Communication

- ◆ It must be faster than light (how much?)
 - Answer: many orders of magnitude (see next)
- ◆ Communication means signaling: if Nature really uses it, why is it hidden for us?
 - Good question 😊
- ◆ Is it easy to build a model of communication which does not allow signaling?



Bounds for the Speed (Preferred Frame)





Bounds: PF = rest frame of the lab

$$D_{Lab}(A, B) = 10.6km$$

$$c\tau_{Lab} = |D(A, S) - D(B, S)| \leq 10mm$$

$$c\tau_{coh} = 1.5mm \quad (\tau_{coh} = 5ps)$$

Correlations observed



Bounds: PF = rest frame of the lab

$$D_{Lab}(A, B) = 10.6km$$

$$c\tau_{Lab} = |D(A, S) - D(B, S)| \leq 10mm$$

$$c\tau_{coh} = 1.5mm \quad (\tau_{coh} = 5ps)$$

Correlations observed

Photons @ telecom wavelengths

$$v_{Lab} \geq 10^6 c$$

Non-trivial!



Bounds: PF = rest frame of the lab

$$D_{Lab}(A, B) = 10.6km$$

Photons @ telecom wavelengths

$$c\tau_{Lab} = |D(A, S) - D(B, S)| \leq 10mm$$

$$c\tau_{coh} = 1.5mm \quad (\tau_{coh} = 5ps)$$

Correlations observed

$$v_{Lab} \geq 10^6 c$$

Non-trivial!

These parameters + Lorentz $\Rightarrow v$ in any frame:

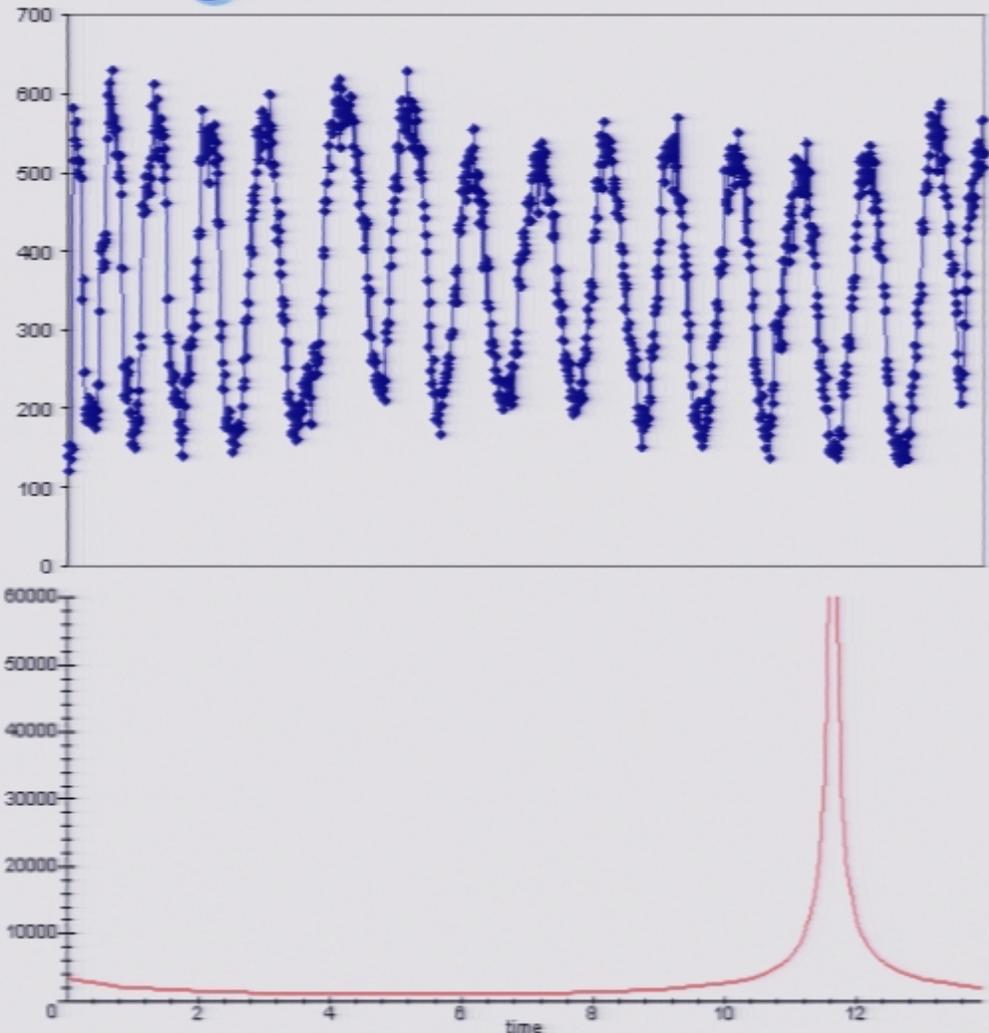
$$|v(\beta)| = c \frac{1 - r\beta}{r - \beta} \quad \text{with} \quad \beta = \frac{\hat{D} \cdot \vec{u}_{PF|Lab}}{c}, \quad r = \frac{D_{Lab}}{c\tau_{Lab}} = \frac{v_{Lab}}{c}$$

Bounds: PF = Cosmic Microwave Background



- Defined by absence of dipole of the radiation
- Speed: 369 km/s with respect to the Sun
- Earth rotation: β varies along the day.

$$|v(t)| = c \frac{1 - r\beta(t)}{r - \beta(t)}$$

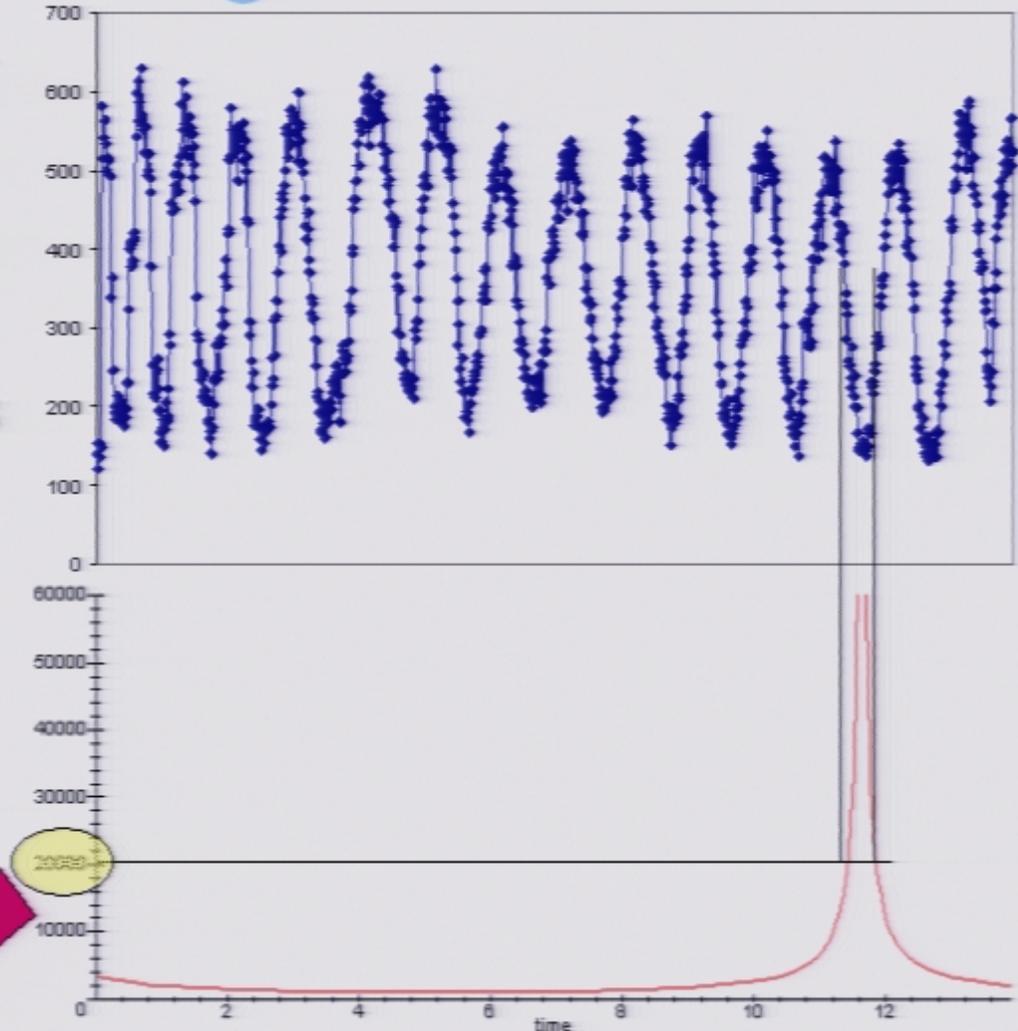




Bounds: PF = Cosmic Microwave Background

- Defined by absence of dipole of the radiation
- Speed: 369 km/s with respect to the Sun
- Earth rotation: β varies along the day.

$$|v(t)| = c \frac{1 - r\beta(t)}{r - \beta(t)}$$

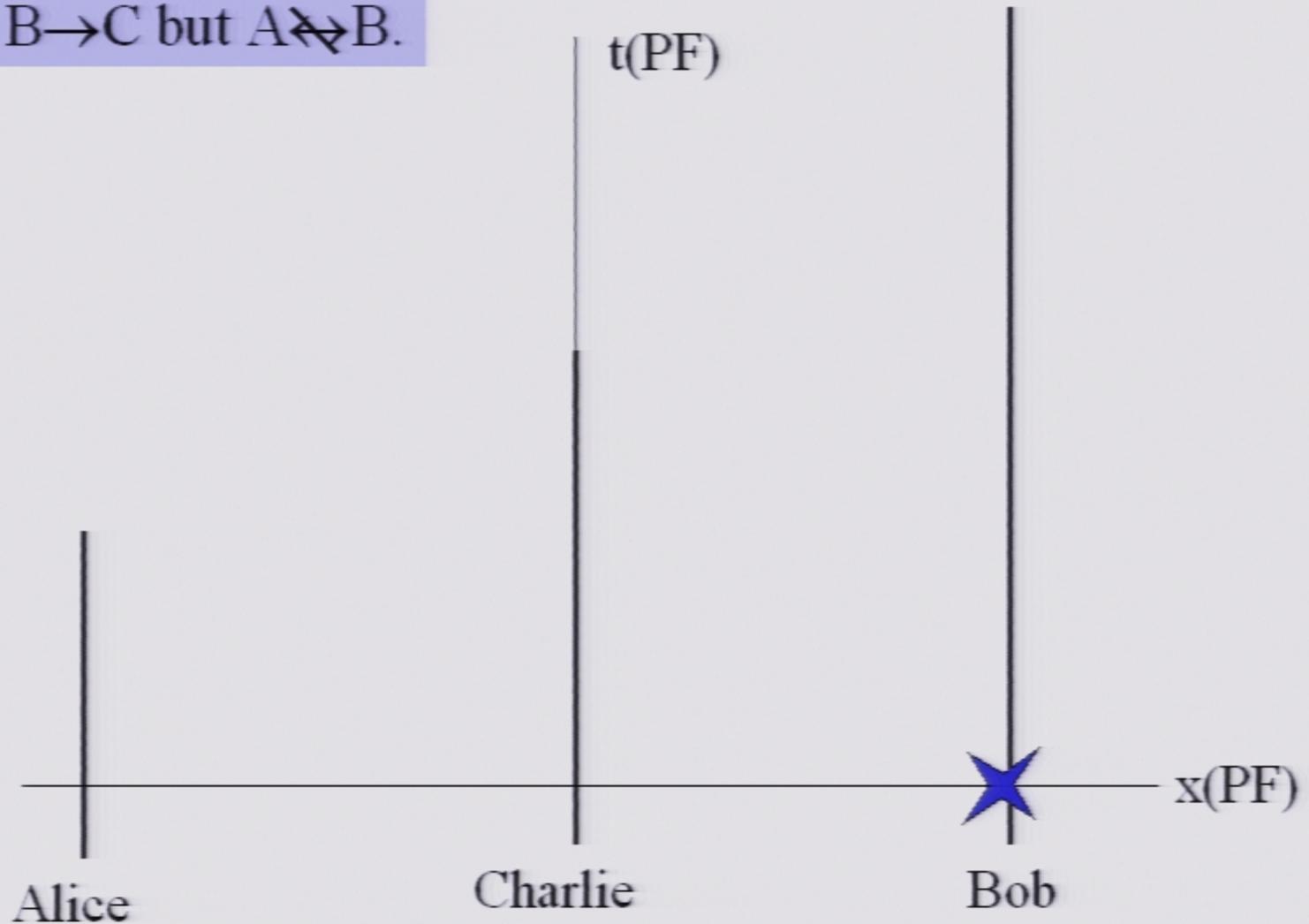


$$v_{CMB} \geq 2 \times 10^4 c$$

What Happens to 3 Particles if $v < \infty$



$A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C$ but $A \not\leftrightarrow B$.





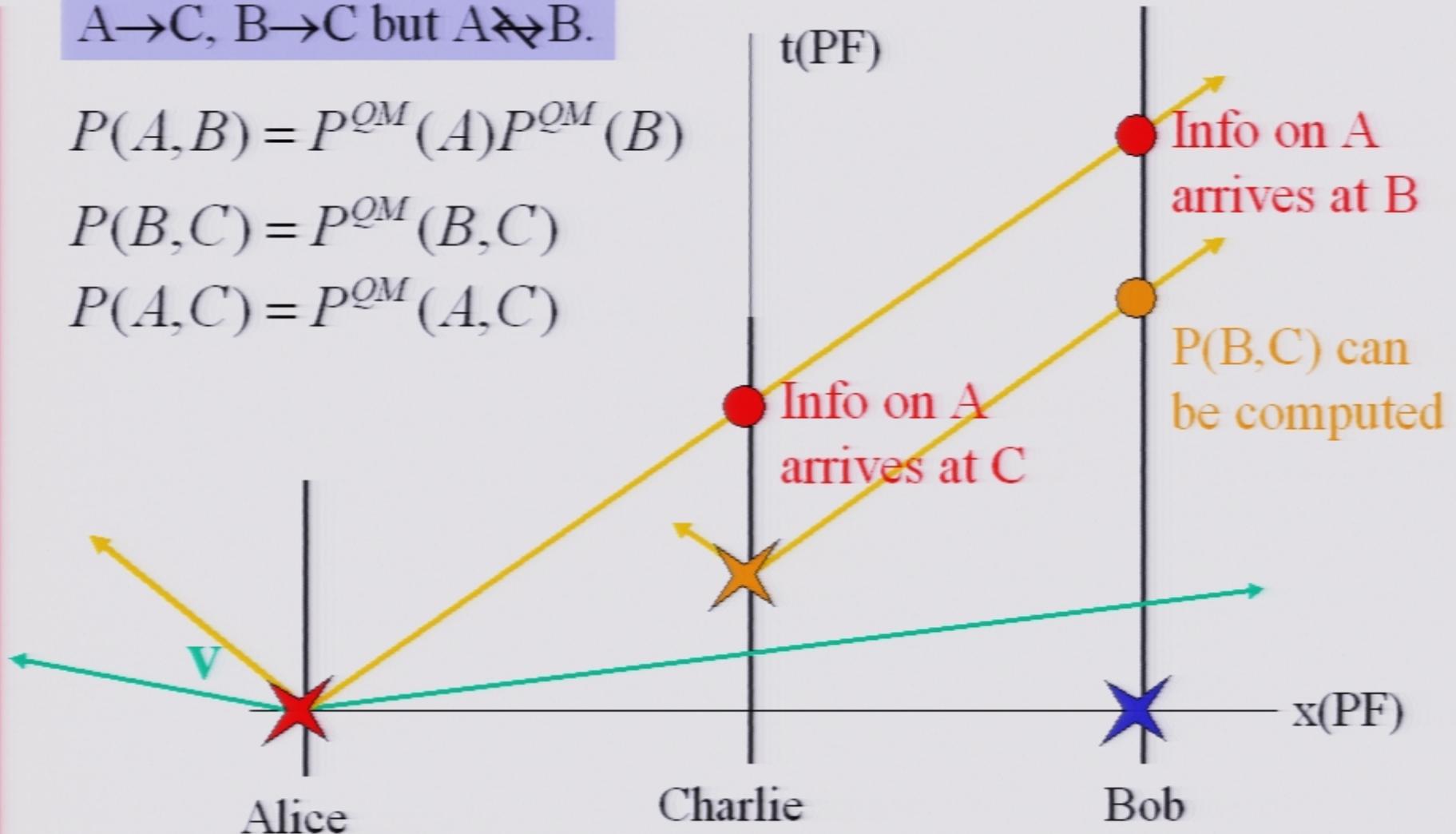
What Happens to 3 Particles if $v < \infty$

$A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C$ but $A \not\leftrightarrow B$.

$$P(A, B) = P^{QM}(A)P^{QM}(B)$$

$$P(B, C) = P^{QM}(B, C)$$

$$P(A, C) = P^{QM}(A, C)$$





Most Models with $v < \infty$ lead to Signaling

- ◆ One needs **three** spatially-separated particles A, B, C.



Most Models with $v < \infty$ lead to Signaling

- ◆ One needs **three** spatially-separated particles A, B, C.
- ◆ Assume superluminal communication with $c < v < \infty$:

no-signaling condition:

$$P(A, C) = P^{QM}(A, C)$$

$$P(B, C) = P^{QM}(B, C)$$

- ◆ Under the assumption of **no local variables**,

$$P(A, B) = P^{QM}(A)P^{QM}(B) \quad \text{no correlation A-B}$$



Most Models with $v < \infty$ lead to Signaling

- ◆ One needs **three** spatially-separated particles A, B, C.
- ◆ Assume superluminal communication with $c < v < \infty$:

no-signaling condition:

$$P(A, C) = P^{QM}(A, C)$$
$$P(B, C) = P^{QM}(B, C)$$

- ◆ Under the assumption of **no local variables**,

$$P(A, B) = P^{QM}(A)P^{QM}(B) \quad \text{no correlation A-B}$$

- ◆ Consider now the GHZ state measured in the Z basis:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P^{QM}(A = C) = 1 \\ P^{QM}(B = C) = 1 \end{array} \right\} \text{necessarily } P(A = B) = 1$$

correlation A-B

- ◆ Same contradiction exists under **relaxed assumptions** (allowing for a large family of hidden variables).



Summary of Communication



Summary of Communication

- ◆ One bit is enough to simulate the singlet.
 - ◆ B.Toner, D. Bacon, PRL 2003
- ◆ The speed v in a preferred frame must be orders of magnitude larger than c to explain observed data.
 - ◆ V.S., W. Tittel, H. Zbinden, N. Gisin, PLA 2000



Summary of Communication

- ◆ One bit is enough to simulate the singlet.
 - ◆ B.Toner, D. Bacon, PRL 2003
- ◆ The speed v in a preferred frame must be orders of magnitude larger than c to explain observed data.
 - ◆ V.S., W. Tittel, H. Zbinden, N. Gisin, PLA 2000
- ◆ For $v < \infty$, no explicit model shown to be no-signaling
 - ◆ V.S., N. Gisin, PLA 2002 & quant-ph/0410125



Summary of Communication

- ◆ One bit is enough to simulate the singlet.
 - ◆ B.Toner, D. Bacon, PRL 2003
- ◆ The speed v in a preferred frame must be orders of magnitude larger than c to explain observed data.
 - ◆ V.S., W. Tittel, H. Zbinden, N. Gisin, PLA 2000
- ◆ For $v < \infty$, no explicit model shown to be no-signaling
 - ◆ V.S., N. Gisin, PLA 2002 & quant-ph/0410125
- ◆ Not mentioned: experiments confirm QM against theories with Communication without PF.
 - ◆ H.Zbinden et al., PRA 2001; A. Stefanov et al., PRL 2002

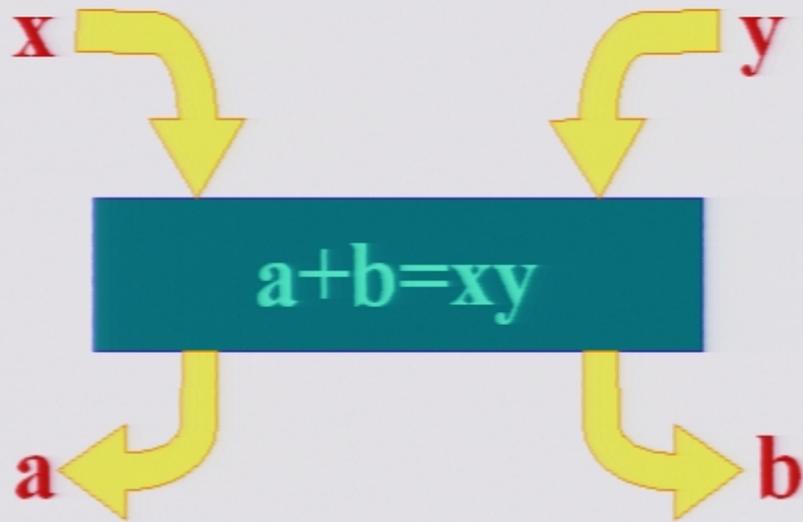


Resource #2

Non-Local Machines

A Non-local, No-signaling Resource

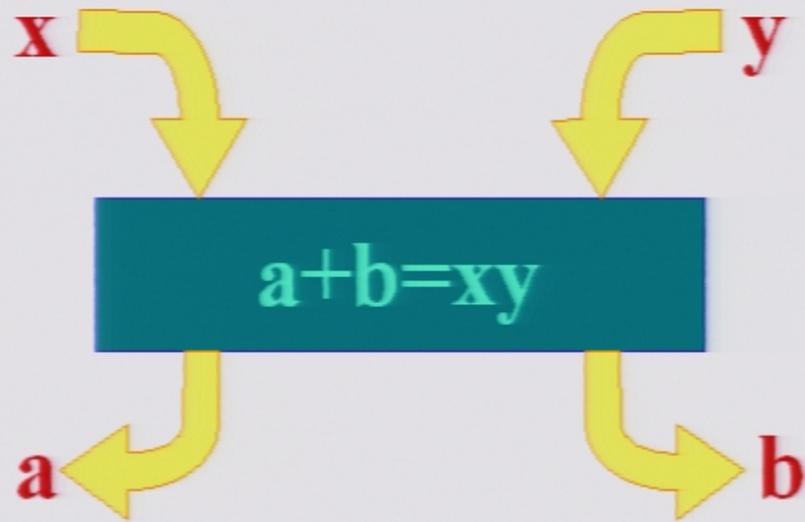
Communication is a form of signaling. If quantum systems signal among them, why has Nature conspired to hide it? More natural to work with a non-local resource which has no-signaling embedded in it: the **Non-Local Machine (NLM)**





A Non-local, No-signaling Resource

Communication is a form of signaling. If quantum systems signal among them, why has Nature conspired to hide it? More natural to work with a non-local resource which has no-signaling embedded in it: the **Non-Local Machine (NLM)**



x	y	(a, b)
0	0	$a = b : \begin{cases} (0,0) \\ (1,1) \end{cases}$
0	1	$a = b : \begin{cases} (0,0) \\ (1,1) \end{cases}$
1	0	$a = b : \begin{cases} (0,0) \\ (1,1) \end{cases}$
1	1	$a \neq b : \begin{cases} (0,1) \\ (1,0) \end{cases}$



CHSH with the NLM

Local variables: $S \leq 2$
QM (Cirel'son bound): $S \leq 2\sqrt{2}$

where

$$S = E(A_0, B_0) + E(A_1, B_0) + E(A_0, B_1) - E(A_1, B_1)$$



CHSH with the NLM

Local variables: $S \leq 2$
QM (Cirel'son bound): $S \leq 2\sqrt{2}$

where

$$S = E(A_0, B_0) + E(A_1, B_0) + E(A_0, B_1) - E(A_1, B_1)$$

NLM:

Input $x = 0, y = 0$ $x = 1, y = 0$ $x = 0, y = 1$ $x = 1, y = 1$

Output $a = b$ $a = b$ $a = b$ $a \neq b$

$E = +1$ $E = +1$ $E = +1$ $E = -1$



CHSH with the NLM

Local variables: $S \leq 2$
QM (Cirel'son bound): $S \leq 2\sqrt{2}$

where

$$S = E(A_0, B_0) + E(A_1, B_0) + E(A_0, B_1) - E(A_1, B_1)$$

NLM:

Input $x = 0, y = 0$ $x = 1, y = 0$ $x = 0, y = 1$ $x = 1, y = 1$

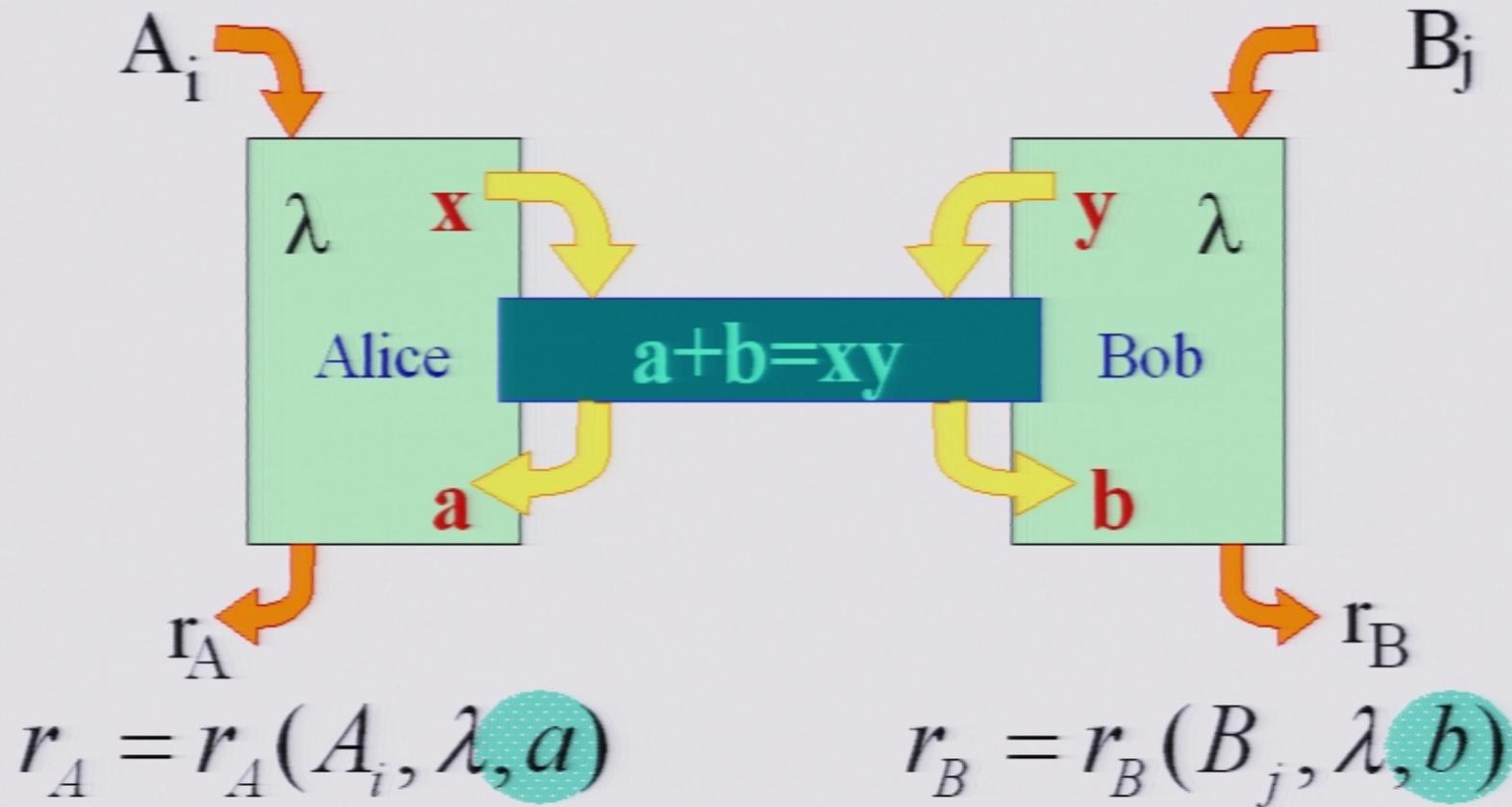
Output $a = b$ $a = b$ $a = b$ $a \neq b$

$E = +1$ $E = +1$ $E = +1$ $E = -1$

$$\Rightarrow S = 4$$

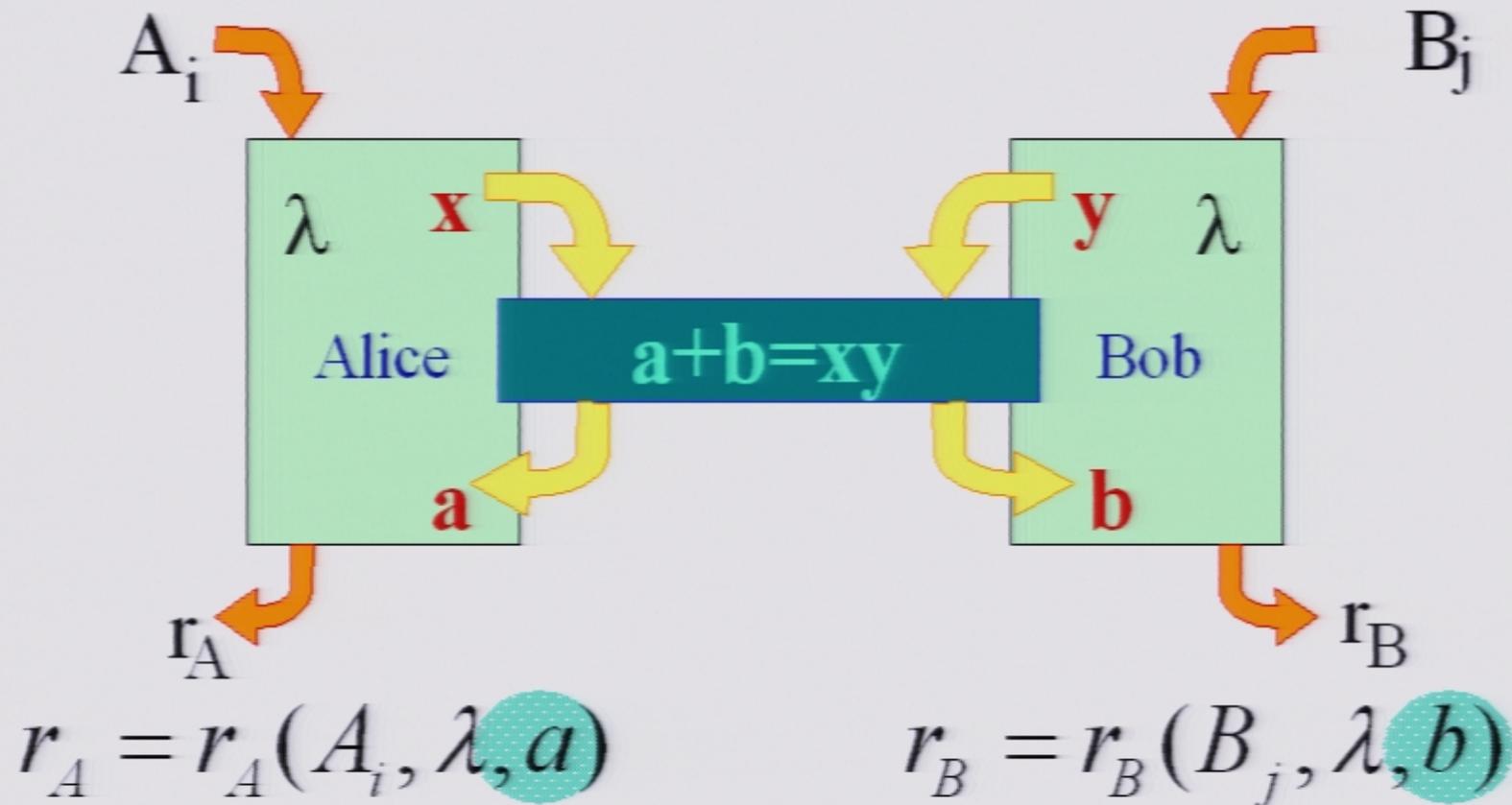


Simulating Entanglement with the NLM





Simulating Entanglement with the NLM



→ The singlet can be simulated with a single use of the NLM
(N.Cerf, N.Gisin, S.Massar, S. Popescu, q-ph/0410027)



Non-Max. Entg States: More Non-Local

To simulate the correlations created by states of the form

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos\theta|00\rangle + \sin\theta|11\rangle$$

with $0 < \theta < \pi/7.8$, strictly more than one use of the NLM is required. N. Brunner, N. Gisin, V.S., New. J. Phys. **7**, 88 (2005)



Non-Max. Entg States: More Non-Local

To simulate the correlations created by states of the form

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos\theta|00\rangle + \sin\theta|11\rangle$$

with $0 < \theta < \pi/7.8$, strictly more than one use of the NLM is required. N. Brunner, N. Gisin, V.S., New. J. Phys. **7**, 88 (2005)

- More non-locality associated to less entanglement (not entirely unexpected: Eberhard, Acín et al., Barrett...)



Non-Max. Entg States: More Non-Local

To simulate the correlations created by states of the form

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos \theta |00\rangle + \sin \theta |11\rangle$$

with $0 < \theta < \pi/7.8$, strictly more than one use of the NLM is required. N. Brunner, N. Gisin, V.S., New. J. Phys. **7**, 88 (2005)

- More non-locality associated to less entanglement (not entirely unexpected: Eberhard, Acín et al., Barrett...)
- « Intuitive » argument: for the singlet, one has to simulate only correlations. For $0 < \theta < \pi/4$, both correlations and marginal distributions are non-trivial.



Non-Max. Entg States: More Non-Local

To simulate the correlations created by states of the form

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos\theta|00\rangle + \sin\theta|11\rangle$$

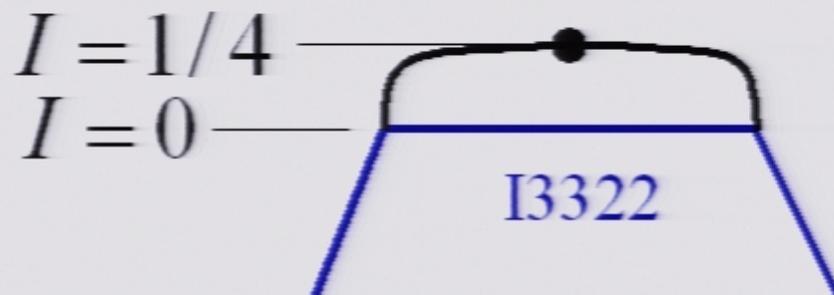
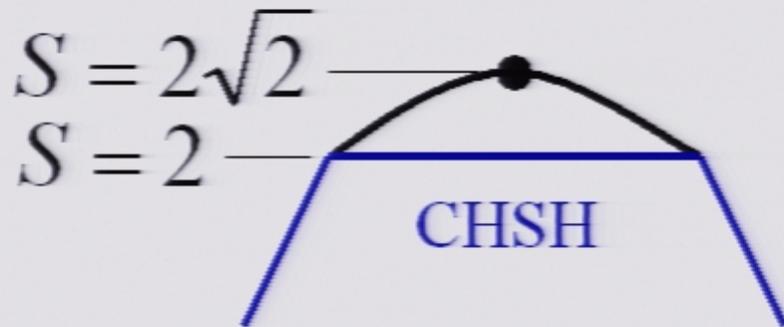
with $0 < \theta < \pi/7.8$, strictly more than one use of the NLM is required. N. Brunner, N. Gisin, V.S., New. J. Phys. **7**, 88 (2005)

- More non-locality associated to less entanglement (not entirely unexpected: Eberhard, Acín et al., Barrett...)
- « Intuitive » argument: for the singlet, one has to simulate only correlations. For $0 < \theta < \pi/4$, both correlations and marginal distributions are non-trivial.
- In the region $\pi/7.8 < \theta < \pi/4$, nothing is known yet.



Proof: 3 Settings, 2 Outcomes

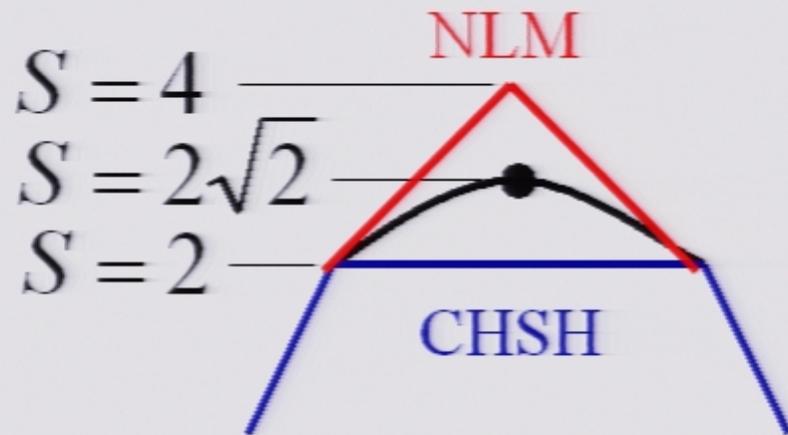
There are just two Bell inequalities (D.Collins, N.Gisin JPA 2004):



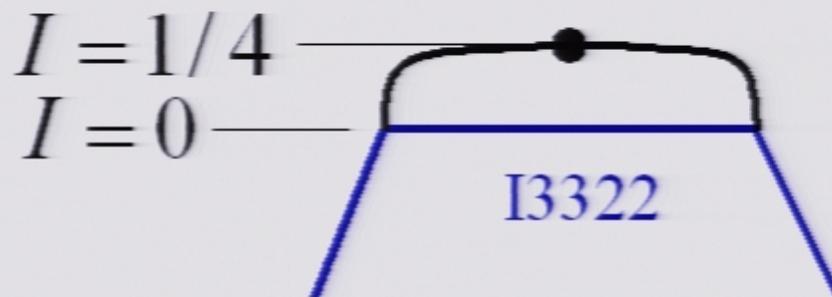


Proof: 3 Settings, 2 Outcomes

There are just two Bell inequalities (D.Collins, N.Gisin JPA 2004):



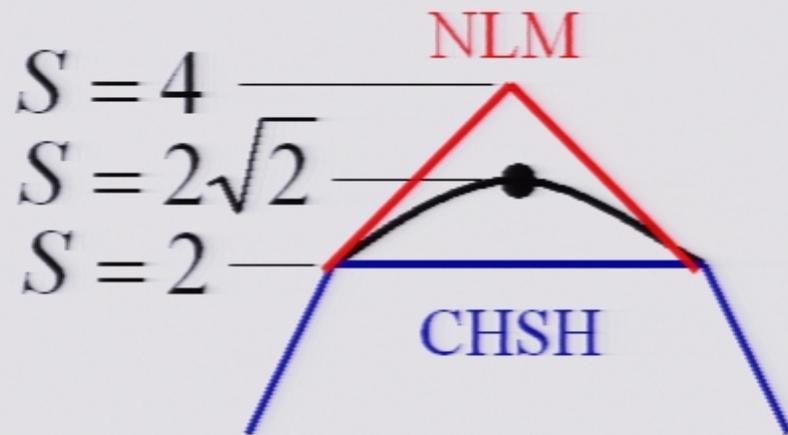
- A single NLM point
- QM within NLM



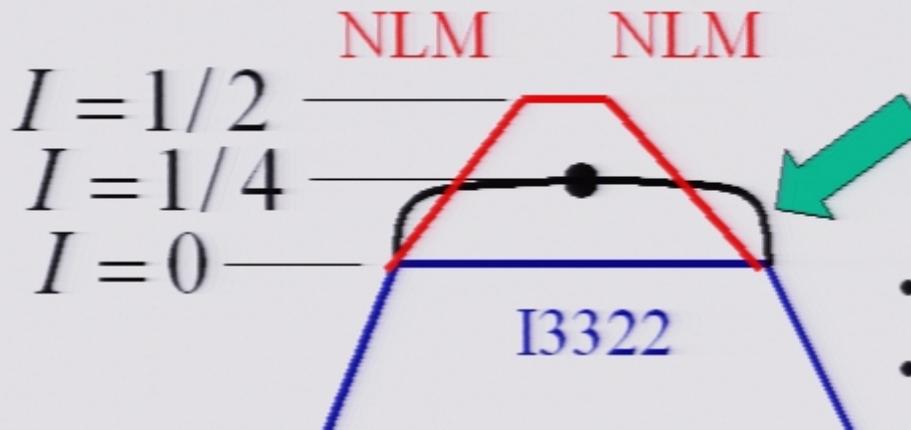


Proof: 3 Settings, 2 Outcomes

There are just two Bell inequalities (D.Collins, N.Gisin JPA 2004):



- A single NLM point
- QM within NLM

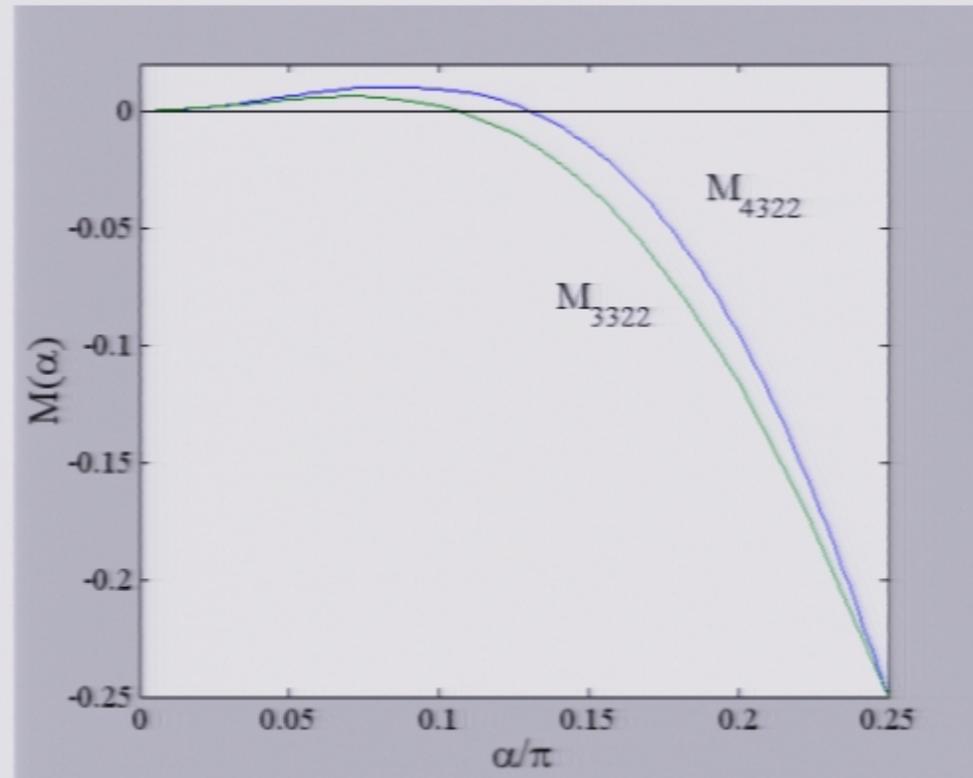
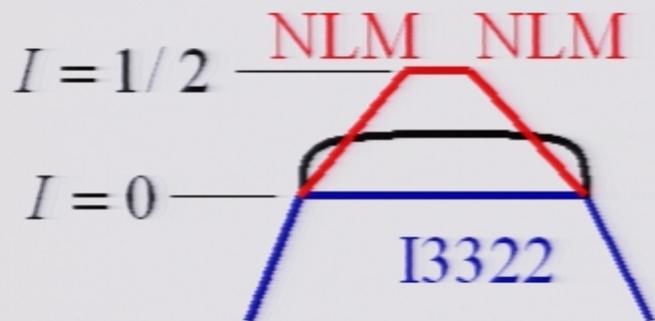


- 28 NLM points
- QM outside NLM



Proof: Explicit Details

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos \theta |00\rangle + \sin \theta |11\rangle$$

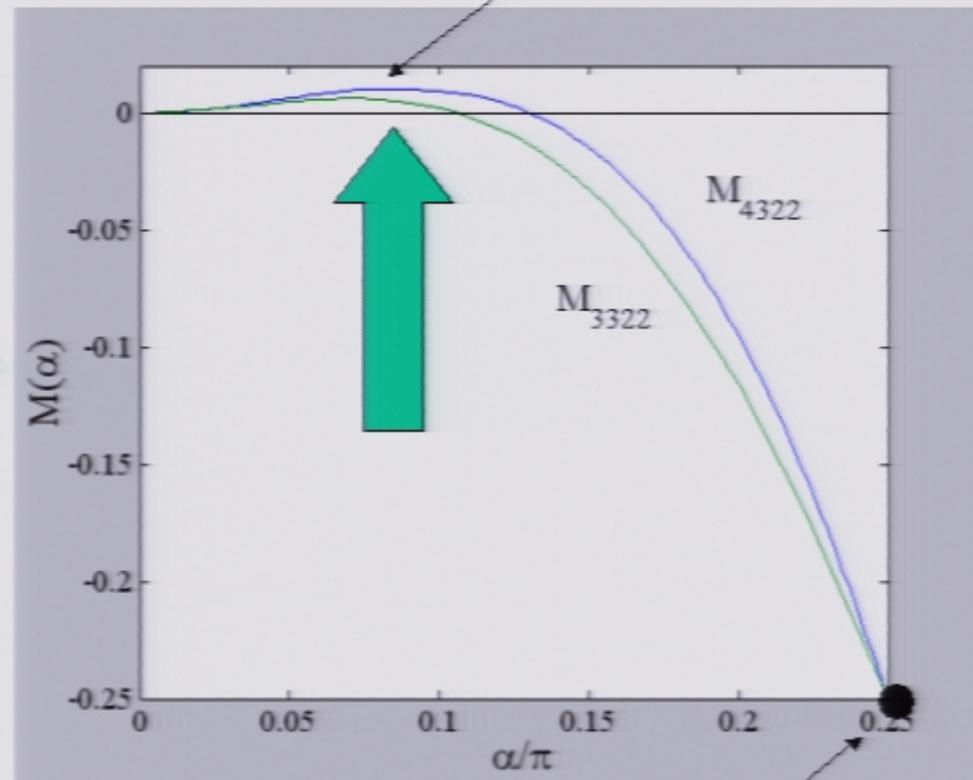
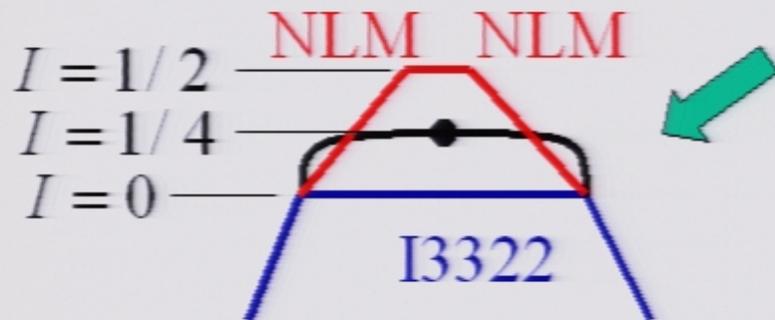




Proof: Explicit Details

$$\Psi(\theta) = \cos \theta |00\rangle + \sin \theta |11\rangle$$

Maximal violation: 0.0102



Singlet at $-1/4 = 1/4 - 1/2$



Summary of NLM

- ◆ NLM is a more « natural » resource to quantify non-locality than communication is (no-signaling).



Summary of NLM

- ◆ NLM is a more « natural » resource to quantify non-locality than communication is (no-signaling).
- ◆ The singlet can be simulated by a single use of the NLM.
 - ◆ N.Cerf, N.Gisin, S.Massar, S. Popescu, q-ph/0410027
 - ◆ Communication: ... with one bit (Toner-Bacon)



Summary of NLM

- ◆ NLM is a more « natural » resource to quantify non-locality than communication is (no-signaling).
- ◆ The singlet can be simulated by a single use of the NLM.
 - ◆ N.Cerf, N.Gisin, S.Massar, S. Popescu, q-ph/0410027
 - ◆ Communication: ... with one bit (Toner-Bacon)
- ◆ For non-maximally entangled states, more resources are required.
 - ◆ N. Brunner, N. Gisin, V.S., New J. Phys. 7, 88 (2005)
 - ◆ Communication: analog result not known yet.



Conclusions

- ◆ Try to simulate entanglement with other resources
 - ◆ When John Bell tried it, the result was momentous
 - ◆ No satisfactory description apart from QM (and Bohm: unlimited amount of communication with $v=\infty$ in a PF)



Conclusions

- ◆ Try to simulate entanglement with other resources
 - ◆ When John Bell tried it, the result was momentous
 - ◆ No satisfactory description apart from QM (and Bohm: unlimited amount of communication with $v=\infty$ in a PF)
- ◆ Example #1: Communication
 - ◆ Familiar resource, but very problematic
 - Faster-than-light, why no signaling?
 - Asymmetry sender-receiver



Conclusions

- ◆ Try to simulate entanglement with other resources
 - ◆ When John Bell tried it, the result was momentous
 - ◆ No satisfactory description apart from QM (and Bohm: unlimited amount of communication with $v=\infty$ in a PF)
- ◆ Example #1: Communication
 - ◆ Familiar resource, but very problematic
 - Faster-than-light, why no signaling?
 - Asymmetry sender-receiver
- ◆ Example #2: Non-Local Machines
 - ◆ More suited, easier to work with
 - ◆ Unknown whether all of entanglement can be simulated with it.